

Mixed Grammar!!

Put the verbs into the right tense. Where you see ???, use a word of your own.

There once was a British farmer who (leave) _____ the UK and went (???) _____ live in Australia. There he (start) _____ a sheep farm, which (be) _____ about the same size as the farm he (have) _____ back home. After some time (pass) _____, he (become) _____ an Australian citizen. "Right," he (think) _____. "I (be) _____ here (???) _____ a long time now, and I (begin) _____ to feel like a real Aussie. (???) _____ now on I (do) _____ everything the way the Aussies (do) _____ it."



Next day he (phone) _____ a big Australian sheep-shearing company that he (hear) _____ of, and (ask) _____ them to send some men to shear¹ his sheep. The voice (???) _____ the other end of the phone (say) _____: "Yeah, we (be) _____ pretty busy at the moment. The 'A' team, our 24-man team, (just, start) _____ out on the Riverina. They still (have) _____ another 22,000 shear, so it (take) _____ two weeks or so. And the 'B' team, our 19-man team (just, start) _____ on the Darling Downs, with 13,000 to shear. But I (be) _____ sure we (manage) _____ it somehow. Now, let's see – er, how many sheep (be) _____ there on your station?"

"42." "Thousand?" "No – individual sheep."

The voice at the other end (not, answer) _____ at first. Then the man (say) _____, with a break in his voice², "can I have names?"

¹ to shear - scheren

² with a break in his voice – mit einem unterdrücktem Lachen

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Put the verbs into the right tense. Where you see ???, use a word of your own.

There once was a British farmer who (leave) _____
_____left_____ the UK and went (???) _____to_____ live in
Australia. There he (start) _____started_____ a sheep
farm, which (be) _____was_____ about the same
size as the farm he (have) _____had_____ back
home. After some time (pass) _____had passed_____, he (become) _____became_____ an
Australian citizen. "Right," he (think) _____thought_____. "I (be) _____have been_____
here (???) _____for_____ a long time now, and I (begin) _____begin_____ to feel like a real
Aussie. (???) _____From_____ now on I (do) _____will do_____ everything the way the
Aussies (do) _____do_____ it."



Next day he (phone) _____phoned_____ a big Australian sheep-shearing company that
he (hear) _____had heard_____ of, and (ask) _____asked_____ them to send some men
to shear³ his sheep. The voice (???) _____on_____ the other end of the phone
(say) _____said_____: "Yeah, we (be) _____are_____ pretty busy at the moment. The 'A'
team, our 24-man team, (just, start) _____have just started_____ out on the
Riverina. They still (have) _____have_____ another 22,000 shear, so it (take) _____will
take_____ two weeks or so. And the 'B' team, our 19-man team (just, start)
_____have just started_____ on the Darling Downs, with 13,000 to shear. But I (be)
_____am_____ sure we (manage) _____will manage_____ it somehow. Now,
let's see – er, how many sheep (be) _____are_____ there on your station?"
"42." "Thousand?" "No – individual sheep."

The voice at the other end (not, answer) _____didn't answer_____ at first. Then the
man (say) _____said_____, with a break in his voice⁴, "can I have names?"

³ to shear - scheren

⁴ with a break in his voice – mit einem unterdrücktem Lachen

MIXED GRAMMAR

When New Zealand became a British colony in 1840, Auckland (make) _____ (???) _____ capital. In 1842, 500 Scottish people (arrive) _____ in Auckland and since then, many Europeans (move) _____ there and its population (grow) _____ to 1.3 million. However, in 1865 the government (move) _____ to Wellington.

It (be) _____ on the (???) _____ and (have) _____ two harbours, wonderful beaches and islands where you (can/find) _____ dolphins and penguins. There (be) _____ lots of exciting things (do) _____. Why (not, you, take) _____ the lift to the Sky Tower? (???)

_____ 328 metres, it (be) _____ New Zealand's tallest building since it (build) _____ in 1994. (???)



_____ clear days it (say) _____ that you can see 82 kilometres! If you (feel) _____ brave that day, you can do Skyjumping!



MIXED GRAMMAR

When New Zealand became a British colony in 1840, Auckland (make) _____ was made _____ (???) _____ the _____ capital. In 1842, 500 Scottish people (arrive) _____ arrived _____ in Auckland and since then, many Europeans (move) _____ have moved _____ there and its population (grow) _____ grew _____ to 1.3 million. However, in 1865 the government (move) _____ moved _____ to Wellington. It (be) _____ was _____ on the (???) _____ shore _____ and (have) _____ had _____ two harbours, wonderful beaches and islands where you (can/find) _____ can find _____ dolphins and penguins. There (be) _____ are _____ lots of exciting things (do) _____ to do _____. Why (not, you, take) _____ don't you take _____ the lift to the Sky Tower? (???) _____ With _____ 328 metres, it (be) _____ is _____ New Zealand's tallest building since it (build) _____ has been opened _____ in 1994. (???) _____ On _____ clear days it (say) _____ is said _____ that you can see 82 kilometres! If you (feel) _____ feel _____ brave that day, you can do Skyjumping!